#### DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 418 509 EA 029 028

TITLE Overview of Public Elementary and Secondary Schools and

Districts: School Year 1995-96. Statistics in Brief.

INSTITUTION National Center for Education Statistics (ED), Washington,

DC.

REPORT NO NCES-98-206 PUB DATE 1998-04-00

NOTE 14p.

PUB TYPE Numerical/Quantitative Data (110)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC01 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS Dropouts; Elementary Secondary Education; Public Education;

\*Public Schools; \*School Demography; School District Size;

\*School Statistics; \*Statistical Data; Student

Characteristics; Tables (Data)

#### ABSTRACT

The Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey and Public Education Agency Survey are annual state-level collections of information about the numbers and types of public schools and education agencies, the numbers and selected characteristics of students, and dropout rates. This report summarizes statistics from each of the surveys, which are part of the Common Core of Data (CCD) collection of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). The data provide an overview of public elementary and secondary schools and school districts for the academic year 1995-96. The report provides information on the following: the types of public schools; schools and community size; enrollment for primary, middle, and high schools; school-district grade spans; school district size; and student characteristics. Technical notes and key terms are included. Seven tables are included. (RJM)

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*



## NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

### **Statistics in Brief**

**April 1998** 

# Overview of Public Elementary and Secondary Schools and Districts: School Year 1995–96

#### **Types of Public Schools**

Content Contact: Lee Hoffman 202-219-1621 In the 1995–96 school year 85,102 public schools provided instruction to 44.8 million students in the United States (table 1). This was an increase of about 1.7 percent over the previous year for students but virtually no change in the number of schools. Most of these institutions were regular schools (80,314). Regular schools often provide a range of special, vocational, and alternative programs in addition to their traditional curriculum offerings; however, there are some schools that offer these specialized programs as their primary function. Among this group in 1995–96 were 1,667 schools whose major function was to provide special education for students with disabilities and 339 schools identified as vocational. Some 2,782 schools were reported to offer other alternative programs, an increase of about 6.8 percent from 1993–94.

The great majority of public school students, 98.2 percent, were enrolled in regular schools. An additional 0.5 percent were in special education schools, 0.4 percent in vocational schools, and 0.9 percent in alternative schools. These distributions were unchanged from the previous year. Mississippi, New Hampshire and North Dakota had only regular schools. With 7.7 percent of its pupils enrolled in non-regular schools, Delaware had the greatest proportion of students in these specialized schools.

#### **Schools and Community Size**

1994-95.

Table 2 shows that while one in eight schools was located in a large city (12.6 percent), one in six students attended large city schools. There were slightly more schools in rural areas than in any other locale (25.2 percent). However, almost three-fourths of the students were enrolled in, or in the fringes of, large and midsize cities. Compared with the previous year, the proportion of students attending schools in small towns or rural areas declined by 2.4 percent.

Overview of Public Elementary and Secondary Schools and Districts: School Year

U.S. Department of Education
Office of Educate Research and Improvement

NCES 98-206

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Office of Educational Research and Improvement EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)

CENTER (ERIC)

This document has been reproduced as received from the person or organization originating it.

Minor changes have been made to improve reproduction quality.



proportion of students attending schools in small towns or rural areas declined by 2.4 percent.

See Key Terms. Although the outlying areas are included in the tables, national totals are limited to the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Comparisons are based on the

Points of view or opinions stated in this document do not necessarily represent official OERI position or policy.

#### Primary, Middle, High Schools

Among the 85,102 public schools with students in membership during the 1995-96 school year, about 59.3 percent spanned the traditional primary grades, typically beginning with prekindergarten or kindergarten and going no higher than grade 8 (table 3; see Key Terms for complete definitions instructional levels). About half (50.7 percent) of the nation's public school students were enrolled in these schools. An additional 17.1 percent of the schools covered the upper elementary and middle grades, and offered instruction to 19.5 percent of public school students.

High schools represented 18.7 percent of the schools reported, and enrolled 26.7 percent of the total number of students. About 4.9 percent of schools followed some other grade configuration, including schools that spanned all of grades kindergarten through 12 and those that were ungraded.

#### **School District Grade Spans**

In 1995–96 there were 14,887 public education agencies providing education services directly to students in the United States.<sup>2</sup> Some of these were operated directly by states or federal agencies, or had a primary role other than that of administering regular educational services. However, the majority of public education agencies (14,367) were

<sup>2</sup> There were 16,265 education agencies in 1995–96. Of these, 14,766 were regular school districts and 1,499 were agencies that typically offer research, administrative, or other support to client agencies. Some 399 of the regular school districts and 979 of the other agencies did not report students. The 14,887 agencies cited exclude the 1,378 without students. Tables are limited to the 14,367 regular school districts with students in membership.

regular school districts providing education to children within their jurisdiction (table 4).

States varied in the organization of their regular education agencies. Hawaii and the District of Columbia each consist of a single school district. Seventeen of the other 49 states had no more than one or two districts that did not span all grades. On the other hand, in nine states less than half of the school districts included grades kindergarten through 12.

Among the 14,367 regular school districts with pupils in membership, 3,169 were responsible for only the elementary grades, beginning with grades prekindergarten. kindergarten, or one and ending at grade eight or below (table 4). These districts enrolled 5.9 percent of the nation's public school students. An additional 531 agencies could be characterized as secondary school districts. with a low grade of 7 or higher and a high grade of 12. Some 2.2 percent of all students attended schools in these districts. However, almost three out of four districts (10,537) provided instruction from the beginning of school through graduation. Fully 91.8 percent of all students were enrolled in these comprehensive school districts.

#### **School District Size**

School districts ranged greatly in size, as measured by the number of students in membership. A very few districts (23) enrolled 100,000 or more students while a larger number (1,699) reported fewer than 150 students (table 5). While small in number, the largest districts served a considerable portion of America's public school students. Although only about 1.5 percent of districts served 25,000 or more students, fully 30.5



2 3

percent of students received their education in these largest districts. To show the contrast from a different perspective, almost half of the school districts in the United States had fewer than 1,000 students in 1995–96. At the same time, almost half of the public school students in this country attended schools in districts of 10,000 students or more.

#### **Student Characteristics**

Because participation in the Free Lunch Program depends on income, eligibility for this program is often used to estimate student needs. Thirteen states did not report free lunch eligibility data for at least 70 percent of their schools, so national totals could not be calculated. Within those states and schools that did provide this information, the proportion of students who were reported as eligible to receive a free lunch ranged from a low of 12.4 percent in New Hampshire to a high of 69.4 percent in the District of Louisiana and Mississippi Columbia. reported that at least half of their public school students were eligible for free lunch (see table 6).

Three states did not report the number of students with individual education programs (IEPs), who participate in special education services. Among the states for which this information was available, the percentage of students with IEPs ranged from under 5.0 percent in Illinois and Michigan to 15 percent or more in Massachusetts, Missouri, Rhode Island, and West Virginia.

About two-thirds of the public school students in the United States in 1995-96 were white, non-Hispanic and about one-sixth were black, non-Hispanic. The highest proportion of American Indian/Alaskan native students was

found in Alaska (comprising 24.5 percent of that state's students), while the greatest proportion of Asian/Pacific Islander students was in Hawaii (69.3 percent). More than one-third of the students were Hispanic in California, New Mexico and Texas. Over half of the students were black, non-Hispanic, in the District of Columbia (87.6 percent) and Mississippi (51.0 percent). White, non-Hispanic students comprised less than half of the student membership in six states, but represented 90 percent or more of the students in six other states. At the national level, none of the racial/ethnic groups changed by as much as 1 percent over the previous year.

#### **Dropouts**

Thirty states and Puerto Rico reported dropout statistics in agreement with the CCD's Among these definition (see table 7). jurisdictions, two states reported that more than 10 percent of students in grades 9-12 had dropped out during the preceding school year. Two others reported dropout rates among these grades at less than 3 percent. Fourteen states had dropout rates somewhere between 4.0 and 5.9 percent. Dropouts were more likely to be male than female. In only five reporting jurisdictions were less than 55 percent of the grade 9-12 dropouts male. In 10 states half or more of the dropouts were minority students (note that all of Puerto Rico's students were reported as Hispanic).

#### **Technical Notes**

The Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey and Public Education Agency Survey are annual state-level collections of information about the numbers and types of public schools and education



agencies, the numbers and selected characteristics of students, dropouts, and numbers of staff. These two surveys also include directory information such as school and agency names, addresses and telephone numbers. The School and Agency Surveys are part of the Common Core of Data (CCD) collection of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), and information reported by state education agencies.

Not all states collect and report all of the data items on these surveys. NCES estimates, or imputes, missing data at the state level if an item has been reported in the past. If an item has never been reported, it is not imputed but is shown as "missing." When information is missing for one or more states, as is the case with counts of students eligible for the federal Free Lunch Program, NCES does not calculate national totals. (A state is considered to have missing data if an item is reported by less than 70 percent of the schools or agencies.) Because some students may receive a public education outside a local school district or school (for example, in a state-operated residential school) the numbers of students on the school or agency reports are not used as the official state totals. The numbers of students shown in table 1 are taken from the State Nonfiscal Survey of the CCD. The percentages of students shown in tables are based on the School or Agency Surveys. It should be noted that this report, which includes only schools with pupils in membership, excludes a disproportionally high number of vocational schools whose enrollment is often attributed to regular school.

#### **Key Terms**

A public school provides educational services to students, has an assigned administrator, receives public funds as its primary support, and is operated by an education agency. A single school may operate at multiple locations (for example, an urban "storefront school" for potential dropouts with a single principal responsible for programs at several addresses). And, two schools may operate at the same location, as is the case when a kindergarten-grade 12 facility has both an elementary and a high school principal. This report excluded 2,023 schools that did not report any students in membership for the 1995–96 school year.

Regular schools do not focus primarily on special, vocational, or alternative education, although they may offer these programs in addition to the regular curriculum. A special education school focuses primarily on special education, with materials and instructional approaches adapted to meet the students' needs. A vocational education school focuses primarily on vocational education and provides education or training in at least one semiskilled or technical occupation. An alternative education school addresses the needs of students that typically cannot be met in the regular school setting, and provides nontraditional education.

Membership is the annual headcount of students enrolled in school on October 1, or the school day closest to that date. In any given year, some small schools will not have any pupils. And, in reporting to the CCD, states assign students who attend more than one school to a single school rather than prorating students across all the schools they attend.



Instructional levels are calculated from the lowest and highest grades for which students are reported in a school. Primary schools are those with a low grade of prekindergarten through grade 3 and a high grade of up to 8. Middle schools contain a low grade of 4 to 7 and a high grade ranging from 4 to 9. High schools have a low grade of 7 to 12 and must extend through grade 12. All other grade configurations, including schools that are completely ungraded, are grouped under the heading of "other."

Free lunch eligibility is the number of students in a school who apply for and are eligible to receive free lunch under the National School Lunch Act.

A *dropout* is a student who was enrolled at any time during the previous year, is not enrolled at the beginning of the current year, and has not graduated or transferred to another school.

The *race/ethnicity* categories used in the CCD are those approved, at the time these data were collected, by the federal Office of Management and Budget. They are mutually exclusive.

*IEP* counts are reported at the school district level and reflect the numbers of students with individual education programs under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)- Part B.

School locale code is assigned on the basis of the school's mailing address. The locale code categories are:

Large city—central city of a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or consolidated MSA (CMSA); with a population of at least 250,000.

Midsize city—central city of an MSA or CMSA; with a population less than 250,000.

Urban fringe of a large city—any incorporated place, Census-designated place (CDP), or non-place territory within a CMSA or MSA of a large city and defined as urban by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Urban fringe of a midsize city—any incorporated place, CDP, or non-place within a CMSA or MSA of a midsize central city and defined as urban by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Large town— an incorporated place or CDP with a population of at least 25,000 and located outside a CMSA or MSA.

Small town—an incorporated place or CDP with a population between 2,500 and 24,999 and located outside a CMSA or MSA.

Rural—any incorporated place, CDP, or nonplace territory designated as rural by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

agencies Regular school districts are providing free public responsible for education for school-age children residing within their jurisdiction. This category excludes local supervisory unions that provide management services for a group of associated school districts; regional education service agencies that typically provide school districts with research, testing, or data processing services; state and federally operated school districts; and other agencies that do not fall into these groupings. This report excluded 399 regular school districts that did not report any students in membership for the 1995-96 school year, a condition that can occur when a small district has no pupils or contracts with



another district to educate the students under its jurisdiction.

#### More information

For further information about this *Statistics in Brief* or related publications and data sets, contact Lena McDowell at (202) 219–1628 or electronic mail at *lena\_mcdowell@ed.gov*. More NCES publications are available at *http://NCES.ed.gov*.

#### Acknowledgments

This paper was improved by the suggestions of the reviewers, Steve Broughman, Charlene Hoffman, and Frank Morgan of NCES; Judith Fillion at the New Hampshire Department of Education; and Adriane Williams of the Council of Great City Schools. Marilyn McMillen and Robert Burton of NCES provided valuable technical guidance, while Jonaki Bose and Frank Johnson ensured the quality of the information and the analyses. The tables were prepared by Michael Freeman and Sheryl Jones of the U.S. Bureau of the Census.



Table 1.—Number of public elementary and secondary schools with membership and percentage of students in membership, by type of school and by state: School year 1995–96

Scho		•	Reg	gular	Special e			education		e education
State	having membership	Total students	Number of schools	Percentage of students	Number of schools	Percentage of students	Number of schools	Percentage of students	Number of schools	Percentag of student
United States	85,102	44,840,481	80,314	98.2	1,667	0.5	339	0.4	2,782	0.
labama	1,316	746,149	1,281	99.6	17	0.1	3	0.0	15	0.
laska	479	127,618	446	96.2	2	0.3	4	0.4	27	3
rizona	1,079	743,566	1,026	98.1	14	0.1	6	0.6	33	1
Arkansas	1,095	453,257	1,094	99.5	0	0.0	1	0.5	0	
California	7,875	5,536,406	6,993	96.7	127	0.5	0	0.0	755	2
Colorado	1,418	656,279	1,357	99.0	5		3	0.1	53	
Connecticut	976	517,935	929	97.3	2		17	1.8		
Delaware	181	108,461	146	92.3	28		5	4.9		
District of Columbia	185	79,802	167	96.5	10		1	0.5		
Florida	2,689	2,176,222	2,327	97.6	95	1.0	42	0.2	225	` 1
Georgia	1,763	1,311,126	1,735	99.5	8		1	0.1		
ławaii	246	187,180	241	99.9	4		0	0.0		
daho	611	243,097	558	98.8	13		0	0.0		
llinois	4,125	1,943,623	3,820	97.4	234		27	0.7		
ndiana	1,863	977,263	1,819	99.6	23	0.2	1	0.0	20	•
owa	1,551	502,343	1,509	99.1	17	0.3	0	0.0	25	
Kansas	1,485	463,008	1,467	99.6	1	0.0	0	0.0	17	
Kentucky	1,368	659,821	1,311	99.6	8	0.1	3	0.1	46	
_ouislana	1,470	797,366	1,364	96.9	39	0.4	11	0.3	56	. 2
Maine	697	213,569	695	100.0	2	0.0	0	0.0	0	
Maryland	1,276	805,544	1,191	97.3	47	0.9	11	1.1	27	, (
Massachusetts	1,831	915,007				0.0	43	3.4	27	' (
Michigan	3,455	1,641,456				0.8	12	0.2	95	
Minnesota	1,958	835,166				0.3	2	0.0	371	5
Mississippl	888	506,272		100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	) 0	) (
Missouri	2,072	889,881	2,036	99.0	15	0.5	5	0.4	16	, (
Montana	893							0.0	) 3	3 (
Nebraska	1,390	289,744						0.0	) (	) (
Nevada	419	265,041				0.4	2	0.7	, 22	2 (
New Hampshire	460	194,171			C	0.0	0	0.0	) (	) (
New Jersey	2,278	1,197,381	2,155	97.4	79	0.8	44	1.8	3 0	) (
New Mexico	721	329,640								5 (
New York	4,148	2,813,230								
North Carolina	1,975									
North Dakota	573									
Ohio	2 704	1 926 015	3 659	99.6	23	3 0.1	14	0.2	2 9	9 (
Ohio Oklahoma	3,704 1,821									
Okianoma Oregon	1,216									
Pennsylvania	3,113									
Rhode Island	309									
Court Corolina	1,052	645.586	1,023	99.5	i 11	I 0.1	0	0.0	) 18	3
South Carolina South Dakota	818	•	•							
Tennessee	1,515									
Texas	6,638									
Utah	735									
\{- mm - m4		405.50				, d			n .	1
Vermont Virginia	362 1,781									
virginia Washington	1,761									
wasnington West Virginia	842									
Wisconsin	2,037					9 0.1				
Wyoming	2,037 401					0.1 1 0.1				5
Outlying areas		·	_					_		
DOD Dependents Sch	171					0.0				0
American Samoa	31					1 0.4				0
Guam	35					1 2.0				0
	24	8,809	9 24	100.0	) (	0.0	) (	0.	U I	0
Northern Marianas Puerto Rico	1,547						2 26	5 1.	•	5

NOTE: Table excludes 2,023 schools for which no students were reported in membership. U.S. totals exclude outlying areas.

Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth and may not add to 100. Percentages of less than 0.05 are rounded to 0.

Number of students in membership reported on State Nonfiscal Survey.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, School Universe and State Nonfiscal Survey. 1995–96.



8

Table 2.—Number and percentage of schools with membership and percentage of students in membership, by community type: School year 1995–96

Community type	Number of schools	Percentage of schools	Percentage of students
United States	85,102	100.0	100.0
Large city	10,726	12.6	17.2
Midsize city	12,259	14.4	16.3
Urban fringe large city	20,689	24.3	29.4
Urban fringe midsize city	7,592	8.9	9.7
Large town	1,446	1.7	1.7
Small town	10,947	12.9	11.2
Rural	21,443	25.2	14.5

NOTE:

Community types classify the location of a school relative to populous areas. See technical notes for definitions of locale codes.

Table includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth and may not add to 100.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, School Universe, 1995–96.



Table 3.-Percentage of public elementary and secondary schools providing instruction and percentage of students in membership, by specified level of instruction and by state: School year 1995-96

stadents	, in membe		у ороси		e by Instruct	ional Level			
	Number of schools	Prin	mary	Mic	ddle	Hi	gh	Ot	her
State	having membership	Schools	Students	Schools	Students	Schools	Students	Schools	Students
United States	85,102	59.3	50.7	17.1	19.5	18.7	26.7	4.9	3.1
Alabama	1,316	51.2	43.5	16.9	16.8	19.3	25.2	12.6	14.5
Alaska	479		47.5	6.9	13.0	14.0	23.9	44.3	15.5
Arizona	1,079	65.3	56.6	16.6	17.5	15.8	25.4	2.3	0.5
Arkansas	1,095		48.6	15.8	19.8	29.3	27.9	2.0	3.7
California	7,875	63.8	54.0	14.7	18.0	17.4	25.8	4.0	2.2
Colorado	1,418		50.9	17.8	21.5	20.3	26.5	2.8	1.2
Connecticut	976		53.1	18.1	20.7	16.0	25.4	2.8	0.7
Delaware	181	48.6	40.7	23.2	28.3	17.7	28.9	10.5	2.1
District of Columbia	185		61.8	14.6	15.7	12.4 13.4	17.9 21.0	9.7 13.6	4.6 7.9
Florida	2,689	57.6	51.0	15.4	20.2	13.4	21.0	13.6	7.5
Georgia	1,763		51.0	17.9	20.0	15.9	25.2	4.1	3.7
Hawaii	246		54.9	11.4	13.3	12.6	26.5	7.3 4.9	5.3 2.4
ldaho	611		47.9	16.5	22.3	24.7 15.6	27.4 26.9	4.9	2.4
Illinois	4,125		55.4	17.2	15.1 18.3	18.6	30.8	2.1	1.6
Indiana	1,863	63,1	49.3	16.2	16.3	18.0	30.8	2.1	1.0
lowa	1,551		46.4	19.0	20.2	23.9	31.2	2.3	2.2
Kansas	1,485		51.1	16.6	19.7	24.0	28.7	0.8	0.5
Kentucky	1,368		48.6	17.0	20.4	20.5	30.8	3.2	0.2
Louisiana	1,470		47.9	19.0	19.8	17.1	25.6	9.9	6.7 2.1
Maine	697	64.6	49.9	17.5	21.3	15.4	26.7	2.6	2.1
Maryland	1,276	66.2	52.6	17.5	20.6	14.0	25.7	2.3	1.1
Massachusetts	1,831		52.8	16.3	18.8	15.8	26.0	1.9	2.5
Michigan	3,455		50.4	16.8	19.7	18.5	27.2	5.4	2.8
Minnesota	1,958		48.9	13.1	18.5	28.7	30.6	5.8	2.0
Mississippi	888	50.0	44.3	19.1	19.0	19.7	24.2	11.1	12.4
Missouri	2,072		48.5	16.3	19.6	23.9	29.7	3.4	2.2
Montana	893		49.6	26.1	20.4	19.6	29.3	0.2	0.6
Nebraska	1,390		52.1	7.2	14.6	22.5	32.7	1.9	0.6
Nevada	419		52.5	14.3	20.7	17.9	25.7	3.8	1.1
New Hampshire	460	62.6	51.0	20.4	22.5	16.1	24.6	0.9	1.9
New Jersey	2,278	63.6	53.1	17.1	17.8	13.4	25.7	5.8	3.3
New Mexico	721		49.1	20.8	23.0	17.9	26.7	2.1	1.2
New York	4,148		50.2	16.5	18.6	17.7	26.9	7.0	4.3
North Carolina	1,975		51.2	20.8	21.8	16.5	25.7	2.7	1.4
North Dakota	573	3 57.9	51.2	6.8	12.3	34.0	33.8	1.2	2.8
Ohio	3,704	59.1	48.6	18.4	19.5	18.7	29.1	3.9	2.8
Oklahoma	1,821	54.6	51.8	18.8	21.5	25.4	24.3	1.2	2.4
Oregon	1,216		48.6	16.9	21.2	16.9	28.2	4.4	2.0
Pennsylvania	3,113			16.9	19.6	19.1	29.6	1.5	2.4
Rhode Island	309	68.0	51.0	17.2	21.6	13.6	27.2	1.3	0.2
South Carolina	1,052	2 55.7	46.1	23.2	25.0	18.8	28.1	2.3	0.9
South Dakota	818	51.5	48.4	23.7	21.9	22.6	29.2	2.2	0.5
Tennessee	1,515	62.8	52.1	15.8	16.9	16.7	27.5	4.7	3.5
Texas	6,638	3 52.1	49.3	20.7		19.2	25.1	8.0	2.9
Utah	735	5 59.6	50.1	16.2	22.6	18.8	24.9	5.4	2.4
Vermont	362	2 69.9	54.6	6.6	9.2	13.5	29.6	9.9	6.6
Virginia	1,78	1 62.3	49.1	17.7		16.5	28.2	3.5	1.3
Washington	1,949	57.6		16.6			26.2	5.9	3.0
West Virginia	842			16.3		14.7	28.3	4.9	3.4
Wisconsin	2,03			17.2		20.9	30.3	1.6	1.6
Wyoming Outlying areas	40	1 59.1	48.4	21.9	23.9	18.7	27.1	0.2	0.6
DOD Dependents Sch	17	1 59.6	60.6	9.9	11.3	22.2	21.1	8.2	6.9
American Samoa	3			3.2			22.7	3.2	0.4
Guam	3			17.1			24.5	0.0	0.0
Northern Marianas	2-			4.2		12.5	24.8	0.0	0.0
Puerto Rico	1,54			14.3			20.3	14.8	16.8
Virgin Islands		3 69.7	52.3	15.2	17.9	12.1	28. <u>1</u>	3.0	1.6

NOTE: Instructional levels are Primary (low grade Prekindergarten to 3, high grade up to 8); Middle (low grade 4 to 7, high grade 4 to 9); High (low grade 7 to 12, high grade 12 only); Other (any grade 4 to 7, high grade 4 to 9); High (low grade 7 to 12, high grade 12 only); Other (any configuration not falling within the previous three, including ungraded schools).

Table excludes 2,023 schools for which no students were reported in membership. U.S. totals exclude outlying areas.

Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth and may not add to 100.

Table 4.—Number of regular public elementary and secondary school districts providing instruction and percentage of students in membership, by grade span and by state: School year 1995–96

STATE districts districts of additional and a district and a distr	Percentage of students
State   districts   districts   of students   of students   districts   of students   of stude	of students  0.1  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.2  0.0  0.3  0.0  0.0
United States 14,367 3,169 5.9 10,537 91.8 531 2.2 130  Alabama 127 0 0.0 127 100.0 0 0.0 0  Alaska 55 0 0.0 54 99.8 1 0.2 0  Arizona 214 108 29.9 85 61.2 17 8.9 4  Arkansas 311 0 0.0 311 100.0 0 0.0 0  California 999 592 21.8 302 68.9 103 9.2 2  Colorado 176 1 0.0 175 100.0 0 0.0 0  Connecticut 166 47 5.8 110 92.4 8 1.4 1  Delaware 19 0 0.0 15 94.4 4 5.6 0  District of Columbia 1 0 0.0 15 94.4 4 5.6 0  District of Columbia 1 0 0.0 67 100.0 0 0.0 0  Florida 67 0 0.0 67 100.0 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0  Florida 10 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0  Hawali 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 1  Illinois 905 397 25.9 403 63.1 105 11.0 0  Indiana 292 1 0.0 291 100.0 0 0.0 0  Iowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1  Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0  Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0  Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0  Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 64 100.0 0 0.0 0  Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2  Michigan 553 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18  Mincestral 166 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	0.1  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.2  0.0  0.3  0.0  0.0
Alaska 55 0 0.0 54 99.8 1 0.2 0 Arizona 214 108 29.9 85 61.2 17 8.9 4 Arkansas 311 0 0.0 311 100.0 0 0.0 0 California 999 592 21.8 302 68.9 103 9.2 2  Colorado 176 1 0.0 175 100.0 0 0.0 0 Connecticut 166 47 5.8 110 92.4 8 1.4 1 Delaware 19 0 0.0 15 94.4 4 5.6 0 District of Columbia 1 0 0.0 15 94.4 4 5.6 0 District of Columbia 67 0 0.0 67 100.0 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0 Florida 67 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0  Idaho 112 5 0.1 106 99.9 0 0.0 1 Illinois 905 397 25.9 403 63.1 105 11.0 0 Indiana 292 1 0.0 291 100.0 0 0.0 0  Iowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1 Illinois 905 397 25.9 403 63.1 105 11.0 0 Indiana 292 1 0.0 291 100.0 0 0.0 0  Iowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1  Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0  Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0  Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 66 100.0 0 0.0 0  Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2  Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18  Minnesola 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Alaska 55 0 0.0 54 99.8 1 0.2 0 Arizona 214 108 29.9 85 61.2 17 8.9 4 Arkansas 311 0 0.0 311 100.0 0 0.0 0 California 999 592 21.8 302 68.9 103 9.2 2  Colorado 176 1 0.0 175 100.0 0 0.0 0 Connecticut 166 47 5.8 110 92.4 8 1.4 1 Delaware 19 0 0.0 15 94.4 4 5.6 0 District of Columbia 1 0 0.0 15 94.4 4 5.6 0 District of Columbia 67 0 0.0 67 100.0 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0 Florida 67 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 Hawali 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 Idaho 112 5 0.1 106 99.9 0 0.0 1 Illinois 905 397 25.9 403 63.1 105 11.0 0 Indiana 292 1 0.0 291 100.0 0 0.0 0 Iowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1 Illinois 905 397 25.9 403 63.1 105 11.0 0 Indiana 292 1 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0 Iowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1 Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0  Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 24 100.0 0 0.0 0 Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2 Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18 Minnesola 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Arizona 214 108 29.9 85 61.2 17 8.9 4 Arkansas 311 0 0.0 311 100.0 0 0.0 0 California 999 592 21.8 302 68.9 103 9.2 2  Colorado 176 1 0.0 175 100.0 0 0.0 0 Connecticut 166 47 5.8 110 92.4 8 1.4 1 Delaware 19 0 0.0 15 94.4 4 5.6 0 District of Columbia 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 Florida 67 0 0.0 67 100.0 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0 Hawaii 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 Hawaii 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 Idaho 112 5 0.1 106 99.9 0 0.0 1 Idilinois 905 397 25.9 403 63.1 105 11.0 0 Indiana 292 1 0.0 291 100.0 0 0.0 0  Iowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1 Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0 Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0 Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0 Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0 Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 24 100.0 0 0.0 0 Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2 Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18 Minnesota 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.0 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Arkansas 311 0 0.0 311 100.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 California 999 592 21.8 302 68.9 103 9.2 2 2	0.0 0.2 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
California 999 592 21.8 302 68.9 103 9.2 2  Colorado 176 1 0.0 175 100.0 0 0.0 0  Connecticut 166 47 5.8 110 92.4 8 1.4 1  Delaware 19 0 0.0 15 94.4 4 5.6 0  District of Columbia 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0  Florida 67 0 0.0 67 100.0 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0  Hawaii 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0  Idaho 112 5 0.1 106 99.9 0 0.0 1  Illinois 905 397 25.9 403 63.1 105 11.0 0  Indiana 292 1 0.0 291 100.0 0 0.0 0  Iowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1  Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0  Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0  Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0  Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 66 100.0 0 0.0 0  Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2  Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18  Minnescata 383 38 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.2 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Connecticut 166 47 5.8 110 92.4 8 1.4 1 Delaware 19 0 0.0 15 94.4 4 5.6 0 District of Columbia 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 Fiorida 67 0 0.0 67 100.0 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0 Hawaii 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 Hawaii 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 1 Illinois 905 397 25.9 403 63.1 105 11.0 0 Indiana 292 1 0.0 291 100.0 0 0.0 0  Iowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1 Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0 Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0 Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0 Louisiana 66 0 0.0 66 100.0 0 0.0 0 Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 24 100.0 0 0.0 0 Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2 Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18 Minnesota 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Delaware 19 0 0.0 15 94.4 4 5.6 0 District of Columbia 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 Florida 67 0 0.0 67 100.0 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0 Hawaii 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 Idaho 112 5 0.1 106 99.9 0 0.0 1 Illinois 905 397 25.9 403 63.1 105 11.0 0 Indiana 292 1 0.0 291 100.0 0 0.0 0  lowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 0 Iowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 0 Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0 Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0 Louisiana 66 0 0.0 66 100.0 0 0.0 0 Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 24 100.0 0 0.0 0 Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2 Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18 Minnesota 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
District of Columbia 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 Florida 67 0 0.0 67 100.0 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0  Hawaii 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0  Idaho 112 5 0.1 106 99.9 0 0.0 1  Illinois 905 397 25.9 403 63.1 105 11.0 0  Indiana 292 1 0.0 291 100.0 0 0.0 0  lowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 0  Iowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1  Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0  Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0  Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0  Louisiana 66 0 0.0 66 100.0 0 0.0 0  Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 24 100.0 0 0.0 0  Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2  Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18  Minnesota 383 38 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Fiorida 67 0 0.0 67 100.0 0 0.0 0  Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0  Hawaii 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0  Idaho 112 5 0.1 106 99.9 0 0.0 1  Illinois 905 397 25.9 403 63.1 105 11.0 0  Indiana 292 1 0.0 291 100.0 0 0.0 0  Iowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1  Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0  Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0  Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0  Louisiana 66 0 0.0 66 100.0 0 0.0 0  Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 24 100.0 0 0.0 0  Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2  Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18  Minnesota 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Georgia 180 7 0.2 173 99.8 0 0.0 0 Hawaii 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 1 100.0 112 5 0.1 106 99.9 0 0.0 1 110.0 1 110.0 1 110.0 1 1 110.0 1 1 110.0 1 1 1 1	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0
Hawalii 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0 0 1 100 0 0 0.0 0 1 111 0 0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Idaho         112         5         0.1         106         99.9         0         0.0         1           Illinois         905         397         25.9         403         63.1         105         11.0         0           Indiana         292         1         0.0         291         100.0         0         0.0         0           Iowa         383         29         1.2         353         98.7         0         0.0         1           Kansas         304         2         0.0         302         100.0         0         0.0         0           Kentucky         176         4         0.2         172         99.8         0         0.0         0           Louisiana         66         0         0.0         66         100.0         0         0.0         0           Maine         228         110         12.4         112         86.6         5         1.0         1           Maryland         24         0         0.0         24         100.0         0         0.0         0           Massachusetts         248         68         5.2         176         94.3         2 <t< td=""><td>0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0</td></t<>	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Illinois   905   397   25.9   403   63.1   105   11.0   0   11.	0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Indiana 292 1 0.0 291 100.0 0 0.0 0  lowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1  Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0  Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0  Louisiana 66 0 0.0 66 100.0 0 0.0 0  Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 24 100.0 0 0.0 0  Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2  Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18  Minnesota 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
lowa 383 29 1.2 353 98.7 0 0.0 1 Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0 Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0 Louisiana 66 0 0.0 66 100.0 0 0.0 0 Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 24 100.0 0 0.0 0 Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2 Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18 Minnesota 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0 Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Kansas 304 2 0.0 302 100.0 0 0.0 0 Kentucky 176 4 0.2 172 99.8 0 0.0 0 Louisiana 66 0 0.0 66 100.0 0 0.0 0 Maine 228 110 12.4 112 86.6 5 1.0 1  Maryland 24 0 0.0 24 100.0 0 0.0 0 Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2 Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18 Minnesota 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Kentucky         176         4         0.2         172         99.8         0         0.0         0           Louisiana         66         0         0.0         66         100.0         0         0.0         0           Maine         228         110         12.4         112         86.6         5         1.0         1           Maryland         24         0         0.0         24         100.0         0         0.0         0           Massachusetts         248         68         5.2         176         94.3         2         0.2         2           Michigan         593         44         0.2         526         99.6         5         0.0         18           Minnesota         383         38         0.8         335         98.9         9         0.2         1	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Louisiana       66       0       0.0       66       100.0       0       0.0       0         Maine       228       110       12.4       112       86.6       5       1.0       1         Maryland       24       0       0.0       24       100.0       0       0.0       0         Massachusetts       248       68       5.2       176       94.3       2       0.2       2         Michigan       593       44       0.2       526       99.6       5       0.0       18         Minnesota       383       38       0.8       335       98.9       9       0.2       1	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3
Maryland 24 0 0.0 24 100.0 0 0.0 0 Massachusetts 248 68 5.2 176 94.3 2 0.2 2 Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18 Minnesota 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.0 0.0 0.3
Massachusetts     248     68     5.2     176     94.3     2     0.2     2       Michigan     593     44     0.2     526     99.6     5     0.0     18       Minnesota     383     38     0.8     335     98.9     9     0.2     1       Mississippi	0.3
Massachusetts     248     68     5.2     176     94.3     2     0.2     2       Michigan     593     44     0.2     526     99.6     5     0.0     18       Minnesota     383     38     0.8     335     98.9     9     0.2     1	0.3
Michigan 593 44 0.2 526 99.6 5 0.0 18 Minnesota 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	
Minnesota 383 38 0.8 335 98.9 9 0.2 1	0.1
Mississippi 153 0 0.0 149 99.7 3 0.2 1	0.0
00.2	0.1
Missouri 525 74 1.4 449 97.9 0 0.0 2	0.8
Montana 465 286 62.9 47 10.8 118 26.3 14	0.1
Nebraska 653 331 4.0 267 94.2 23 1.7 32	0.1
Nevada 17 1 0.0 16 100.0 0 0.0 0 New Hampshire 164 87 18.6 67 76.9 9 3.0 1	0.0
New Hampshire 164 87 18.6 67 76.9 9 3.9 1	0.5
New Jersey 582 294 19.3 207 72.2 51 6.6 30	1.9
New Mexico 89 1 1.9 88 98.1 0 0.0 0	0.0
New York 709 43 1.0 647 98.4 10 0.6 9 North Carolina 119 0 0.0 119 100.0 0 0.0 0	0.1
North Daketa	0.0
North Dakota 234 45 2.5 178 96.8 7 0.6 4	0.1
Ohio 611 1 0.0 610 100.0 0 0.0 0	0.0
Oklahoma 548 116 3.4 431 96.6 0 0.0 1 Oregon 233 53 3.5 171 94.1 9 3.4 0	0.0
Pennsylvania 500	0.0
Pennsylvania 500 2 0.0 498 100.0 0 0.0 0 Rhode Island 36 4 1.5 31 97.5 0 0.0 1	0.0 0.9
Courth Courting	0.0
South Carolina         95         2         0.1         91         99.7         1         0.1         1           South Dakota         173         7         0.9         166         99.1         0         0         0         0	0.2
Toppose00 100 140 00 100 35.1	0.0
Tevas 1044 70 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	0.0
Texas 1,044 73 0.3 970 99.6 0 0.0 1 Utah 40 0 0.0 40 100.0 0 0.0 0	0.1 0.0
Vermont OF4 405 100	
Virginia 100	1.7
Washington 200 47	0.0
West Virginia	0.0
Wisconsin	0.0
Wyoming 49 2 0.6 47 99.4 0 0.0 0	0.0 0.0
Outlying areas  DOD Dependents Sch 12 0 0.0 12 100.0 0 0.0 0	
American Sames	0.0
Guam	0.0
Northern Marianas 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0	0.0
Puerto Rico 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0	0.0 0.0
<u>Virgin Islands</u> 1 0 0.0 1 100.0 0 0.0 0	0.0

NOTE: Grade span is determined by the highest and lowest grades for which student membership is reported among all schools associated with the district.

Other Includes all grade configurations not represented in the other categories and includes ungraded districts.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, Agency and School Universes 1995–96.



Table excludes 399 regular school districts for which no students were reported in membership. U.S. totals exclude outlying areas, but includes 12 Defense Department school districts for military personnel overseas.

Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth and may not add to 100. Percentages of less than 0.05 are rounded to 0.

Table 5.—Distribution of regular public elementary and secondary school districts and students, by district membership size: School year 1995–96

District membership size	Number of districts	Percentage of districts	Percentage of students	
United States	14,367	100.0	100.0	
100000 or more	23	0.2	11.7	
25000 to 99999	193	1.3	18.8	
10000 to 24999	553	3.8	18.6	
7500 to 9999	320	2.2	6.2	
5000 to 7499	693	4.8	9.5	
2500 to 4999	2,027	14.1	16.0	
2000 to 2499	870	6.1	4.4	
1500 to 1999	1,089	7.6	4.3	
1000 to 1499	1,595	11.1	4.5	
800 to 999	855	6.0	1.7	
600 to 799	922	6.4	1.4	
450 to 599	952	6.6	1.1	
300 to 449	1,152	8.0	1.0	
150 to 299	1,424	9.9	0.7	
1 to 149	1,699	11.8	0.3	

NOTE: Table includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia, and excludes 399 regular school districts for which no students were reported in membership.

Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth and may not add to 100.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, Agency Universe, 1995–96.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE



Table 6.—Selected characteristics of public elementary and secondary school membership as percentage of school membership by state: School year 1995–96

24.4-	Free lunch	Percentage of membership Individual	American Indian / Alaskan	Asian / Pacific		Black Non	White Non	
State	_eligible _c	ducation Prograi	<u>Native</u>	Islander	Hispanic	Hispanic	Hispanic	
United States			1.1	3.7	13.5	16.9	64.7	
Alabama		13.2	0.7	0.6	0.5	36.0	62.1	
Alaska	23.8	13.8	24.5	4.4	2.7	4.6	63.7	
Arizona		9.7	7.3	1.7	30.2	4.3	56.5	
Arkansas	35.5	10.5	0.4	0.7	1.5	23.8	73.6	
California	47.3	10.3	0.9	11.2	38.7	8.8	40.4	
Colorado	22.4	10.1		0.5	40.4			
Connecticut		10.1	1.1	2.5	18.4	5.5	72.5	
	24.6	13.4	0.2	2.4	11.8	13.4	72.2	
Delaware	29.3	12.0	0.2	1.7	4.0	29.4	64.7	
District of Columbia	69.4	8.9	0.0	1.4	7.0	87.6	4.0	
Florida	37.2	13.1	0.2	1.8	15.3	25.3	57.5	
Georgia	37.2	10.0	0.1	1.6	2.2	37.9	58.2	
-lawaii	15.5	8.2	0.4	69.3	4.9	2.6	22.9	
daho	23.4	9.7	1.3	1.2	7.8	0.6		
llinois	25.4	4.3	0.1	3.0			89.1	
ndiana					12.1	21.0	63.7	
Huidild	22.2	13.6	0.2	8.0	2.3	11.1	85.6	
owa	19.8	12.9	0.4	1.5	2.1	3.3	92.7	
Kansas	31.7	11.4	1.1	1.9	6.1	8.5	82.5	
Centucky			0.1	0.6	0.4	9.8	89.1	
_ouisiana	50.1	13.4	0.5	1.3	1.1	46.0	51.0	
Maine	24.3	13.4	0.6	0.9	0.4	0.8	97.3	
Jordond	05.7		• -					
Maryland	25.7	12.4	0.3	3.8	3.3	35.0	57.5	
Massachusetts		17.1	0.2	3.8	9.3	8.2	78.5	
/lichigan	25.6	4.0	1.0	1.5	2.7	18.3	76.4	
Minnesota	19.0		1.9	3.9	2.0	4.8	87.4	
<i>d</i> ississippi	54.5	13.2	0.4	0.6	0.3	51.0	47.7	
/issouri		15.4	0.2	1.0	1.0	16.0	81.7	
Montana	23.2	11.1	9.8	0.8	1.4	0.5	87.5	
Vebraska	20.6	13.8	1.4	1.3	4.4	5.9		
Vevada Vevada	32.7	10.6					87.2	
New Hampshire			1.9	4.5	17.2	9.5	66.8	
TOTT HAMIPSHILE	12.4	13.0	0.2	1.1	1.2	0.9	96.7	
New Jersey	24.3	5.4	0.2	5.3	13.5	18.5	62.5	
New Mexico		14.3	10.4	1.0	46.8	2.4	39.5	
New York		12.4	0.4	5.0	17.4	20.3	56.9	
North Carolina	30.3	12.4	1.5	1.3	1.9	30.7	64.6	
North Dakota	20.2	10.2	7.7	0.8	1.1	0.8	89.6	
Ohio		• •				. = -		
		3.9	0.1	1.0	1.4	15.3	82.2	
Oklahoma	36.1	11.6	15.0	1.3	3.9	10.4	69.5	
Oregon	23.2	10.8	2.0	3.4	6.8	2.6	85.2	
Pennsylvania		10.5	0.1	1.8	3.5	14.0	80.6	
Rhode Island	26.7	16.5	0.5	3.3	10.3	7.0	78.9	
South Carolina	39.7	11.3	0.2	0.7	0.7	41.7	56.7	
South Dakota		11.3	13.9	0.7	0.7	0.9		
Tennessee		14.2	0.4				83.7	
Texas	40.3			0.9	0.8	23.0	74.9	
Jtah	19.8	11.6 11.0	0.3 1.4	2.3 2.2	36.7 5.4	14.3 0.7	46.4 90.3	
					5.4	0.7	55.5	
/ermont	20.2	9.8	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.7	97.3	
/irginia	25.5	13.0	0.2	3.5	3.2	26.5	66.6	
Vashington			2.6	6.5	7.8	4.7	78.3	
Vest Virginia	39.8	15.1	0.1	0.4	0.3	4.0	95.2	
Visconsin	20.2	12.2	1.3	2.8	3.3	9.4	83.2	
Vyoming	19.4	11.3	2.7	0.8	6.1	1.0	89.3	
Outlying areas								
OOD Dependents Sch		8.2	1.0	9.5	8.5	22.3	58.7	
American Samoa	94.9	2.5	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Buam	23.9	6.3	0.1	91.5	0.5	1.3	6.6	
Northern Marianas	37.5	2.9	0.0	99.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	
Puerto Rico	80.7		0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
acito inco								

NOTE: Data are shown as \*---\* if reported for less than 70 percent of schools or agencies. Percentages are based on schools and agencies reporting.

Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth and may not add to 100. Percentages of less than 0.05 are rounded to 0.



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, School and Agency Universes, 1995–96.

U.S. totals exclude outlying areas.

Table 7.—Number and percent of students dropping out of grades 9 through 12 who are male or minority, among reporting states: School year 1994–95

		Grade 9-12	Percent	Percent
	Grade 9-12	Percent	Dropouts	Dropouts
State	Dropouts	Dropouts	who were Male	who were Minority
Alabama	12,525	6.2	57.5	41.2
Arkansas	6,248	4.9	58.0	
California	63,881	4.4	54.5	
Connecticut	6,406	4.8	54.5 56.9	
Delaware	1,389	4.6	61.8	
District of Columbia	1,879	10.6	55.6	
Georgia	30,158	9.0	58.2	
Hawaii	2,465	4.9	56.2 55.5	
Indiana	13,183	4.9	55.5 57.0	
Iowa	5,120	3.4		
Kansas	6,594	5.0	57.8 56.1	
Louisiana	7,549	3.5		
Maine	1,863	3.3	57.5	
Massachusetts	8,384	3.5	58.6	
Minnesota	12,219		58.8	
Mississippi	8,700	5.1	57.1	
Missouri	17,637	6.4	59.9	
Nebraska	•	7.0	57.7	
Nevada	3,737	4.4	58.1	28.3
	6,703	10.3	54.1	39.4
New Mexico	7,826	8.5	52.8	68.1
New York	32,002	4.1	55.5	
North Dakota	906	2.5	54.9	
Ohio	28,281	5.3	59.9	
Oregon	10,656	7.1	56.9	· ·
Pennsylvania	20,992	4.1	56.9	41.5
Rhode Island	1,852	4.6	59.2	
Texas	26,042	2.7	50.8	66.3
Utah	5,107	3.5	55.5	14.0
West Virginia	4,091	4.2	57.9	5.1
Wyoming	2,010	6.7	57.5	18.8
Puerto Rico	3,615	2.2	48.5	100.0

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, Agency Universe, 1995–96.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE





#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Office of Educational Research and Improvement (OERI) Educational Resources Information Center (ERIC)



# **NOTICE**

## **REPRODUCTION BASIS**

This document is covered by a signed "Reproduction Release (Blanket)" form (on file within the ERIC system), encompassing all or classes of documents from its source organization and, therefore, does not require a "Specific Document" Release form.
This document is Federally-funded, or carries its own permission to reproduce, or is otherwise in the public domain and, therefore, may be reproduced by ERIC without a signed Reproduction Release form (either "Specific Document" or "Blanket").

